

TEUTONS KILL AND BURN IN THIRD AIR ATTACK ALONG ENGLISH COAST

GERMANS NOW PLANNING TO
DELIVER DECISIVE BLOW IN
WEST; RUSH FRESH TROOPS

Fail of Przemyśl Encourages
Hope of Successful Move
on the Other Front.

FRENCH CLAIM GAINS

Paris Report Says Two Lines
of Trenches of Enemy
Have Been Carried.

London, June 7.—Following the capture of the Russian position at Przemyśl, the Germans apparently have been reinforced in the western line, where there are distinct signs of a resumption of the offensive on the part of the invaders. Nevertheless, the French report a slow and uninterrupted advance in the sector north of Arras and important gains north of the Aisne.

According to a French official report, French troops, after a very effective bombardment at a point east of Tracy le Mont and north of the River Aisne, carried two successive lines of trenches on a front of one kilometre, together with several German works.

In the east the Austro-German advance is continuing, with eastern Galicia fighting prominently as the objective. This move is regarded in London as political, the idea of the Germans and Austrians being to exert an influence on Roumania.

Petrograd announces a Russian success along the River Pruth near Kholm, where the Austro-Germans are said to have been forced back across the river. Petrograd says also that the Russian lines of defense must be reorganized on account of the use of poisonous gases by the Germans.

The reason for this is that these works, technically correct under the ordinary conditions of warfare, become dead traps when exposed to this new engine of hostility.

The fighting along the central section of the River Isonzo has developed a series of fierce engagements with the Italians finding stronger opposition than they hitherto have met, the Austrians having formidably been entrenched.

British Hear of Brilliant Success.

This morning the British public was informed that their forces have won a brilliant success at a point so far from the main line of battle on the continent, Sir Percy Cox, at the head of a mixed naval and military force, has gained a foothold at Amara, on the Tigris river, half way from the head of the Persian gulf to the city of Bagdad. During the last few days the Anglo-Indian army operating in this field has captured many prisoners as well as guns and ammunition, and have taken a gunboat, steamers and steel barges. It is said that the Turkish army opposed to it is so demoralized that it is doubtful if it will be able to offer serious resistance to a further British advance.

The only naval activity of the week-end was the engagement at the entrance of the Gulf of Riga, in the Baltic, which, according to Petrograd, resulted in the sinking of several German transports and one large unnamed vessel, with the Russians losing one auxiliary ship.

Details of this encounter are meagre, but it is surmised in London (Continued on Page Twelve.)

SOCIETIES OPPOSE
WAR MATERIAL SALE

Portland, Ore., June 7.—The Confederated German Speaking societies of Oregon, comprising 48 organizations, adopted last night the following resolution:

"We declare our dissent from the decision of the president and his secretary of state to the effect that the law of nations, or any law or contract—unless there be a secret one—compels this government to permit the present enormous and increasing export of war material. We denounce the inhumanity and injustice of this position and we regret deeply that the president has thus far placed a ban against the unbiased discussion of this subject by congress."

GERMANS TO PAY FOR
LOSS OF GREEK SHIP

Athens, June 7, (via London).—The German government has admitted the responsibility of the commander of the German submarine who on April 18 torpedoed and sunk the Greek steamer Kiliassos in the North sea.

The government agrees further to compensate the owners of the vessel, the value of which is to be decided by two experts, one Greek and one German.

ITALIANS MEET
STRONGER FORCE
IN NEW ADVANCE

Udine, Italy, June 7, (via Chiasso and Paris).—A general Italian advance is taking place today across the Isonzo river from Caporetto to the sea, a distance of about forty miles. The movement is one of importance and hard fighting is taking place at Gradisca and in the vicinity of this town.

The Italian authorities are drawing tighter the screen of secrecy as to the Italian operations. Nevertheless it may be said that masses of Italian troops have been concentrated on the roads from Cormons, Palmanova and Cervignano.

The resistance of the Austrians is daily becoming stronger. This, Italian staff officers declare, has had the effect of making their men more determined. Tolmino, on the east side of the Isonzo, is one of the Italian objectives.

Venice, June 6, (via Paris, June 7).—The Italian military authorities have issued instructions to ships and airships to spare from injury the remains of the famous Roman amphitheatre at Pola, the Austrian naval base on the eastern side of the Adriatic.

The Italians claim this location is being used by the Austrians for military purposes; nevertheless they purpose to spare it.

Rome, June 6, (via Paris, June 7).—Serbian forces are continuing their advance in Albania from two directions, and now are only two days' march from Scutari, according to a dispatch from that city received by the Giornale d'Italia. They have occupied the towns of Starova and Galobardo near Elbasan, in central Albania, while the regions of Tasi and Ljuma also are in their hands. The advancing forces have met with little opposition. Albanian and Musselman troops are said to have abandoned Scutari several days ago.

TORPEDOES SINK
PAIR BRITISHERS

Sunlight and Star of the West Sent
Down by German Submarines—
Crews Are Saved.

London, June 7.—The British bark Sunlight of Liverpool, 1,298 net tons, has been sunk by a German submarine.

The captain and crew of the bark arrived at Queenstown today. They say they were given time to take to their boats before the vessel was sunk by shell fire from the submarine. The Sunlight left Macclesfield, Santo Domingo, May 1, for the Clyde.

A dispatch from Aberdeen says the British steamer Star of the West has been sunk by a German submarine. A trawler brought the crew into Aberdeen.

The trawler Dromio of Hull also has been sent to the bottom by a submarine. The crew escaped and have been landed at Peterhead.

The trawler Arctic has been sunk in the North sea by a German submarine. Five members of her crew were rescued, but four lost their lives from the shell fire of the submarine.

Paris, June 7.—The ministry of marine has given out an official announcement reading:

"The French mine layer Casablanca has struck a mine at the entrance of a bay in the Aegean sea. The captain and another officer and 64 sailors were picked up by a British torpedo boat destroyer. It is possible that other survivors were able to reach the coast, where they may have been taken prisoners by the Turks."

The French mine layer Casablanca was of 495 tons and 262 feet long. She had a complement of 128 men.

CLASH IS COSTLY
IN GULF OF RIGA

Petrograd Tells of Loss of Several
German Transports and a
Russian Auxiliary Cruiser.

London, June 7.—The naval engagement at the entrance to the Gulf of Riga resulted in the sinking of several German transports and one large vessel not named, says the Petrograd correspondent of the Times. The Russians lost one auxiliary ship.

It is surmised, the correspondent says, that a majority of the German ships hitherto concentrated at Kiel came out into the Baltic, but the battle squadrons apparently were not engaged. It is believed in Petrograd that the Germans will repeat their attempt to land troops on the Russian coast.

King George Receives Page.

London, June 7.—The American ambassador, Walter Hines Page, was received at Buckingham palace today by King George.

ZEPPELIN IS
BLOWN UP AS
IT ENDS RAID

British Claim to Have Shot
German Airship to Pieces
Over Belgium.

FIVE SLAIN BY BOMBS

English East Coast Visited
During Night, Two Fires
Being Started.

London, June 7.—It was announced at the admiralty this afternoon that a Zeppelin visited the east coast of England last night, dropping incendiary and explosive bombs. Five persons were killed and 40 injured. Two fires were caused by the incendiary bombs.

The admiralty announced today that a Zeppelin had been blown to pieces over Belgium by British airmen.

This morning at 2:30 a. m. an attack was made on the airship shed at Evere, north of Brussels by Flight Lieutenant J. P. Wilson, R. N., and J. S. Mills, R. N. Bombs were dropped and the shed was observed to be in flames.

It is not known whether a Zeppelin was inside, but the flames reached a great height, coming out from both sides of the shed. Both pilots returned safely.

At 3 o'clock this morning Flight Sub-Lieutenant R. A. J. Warneford, R. N., attacked a Zeppelin in the air between Ghent and Brussels. At 6,000 feet he dropped six bombs and the airship exploded, fell to the ground and burned for a considerable time.

The force of the explosion caused the Morane monoplane to turn upside down. The pilot succeeded in righting the machine, but had to make a forced landing in the enemy's country. However, he was able to re-start his machine, and returned safely to the aerodrome.

The correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company at Amsterdam supplies some details of the destruction of a Zeppelin airship between Ghent and Brussels by British aviators in a monoplane.

He declares the Telegraf has received a dispatch from Ghent saying that when the Zeppelin came down it landed on an orphanage. Two nuns and two orphans were killed, while many others in the establishment were injured. The crew of the Zeppelin, 28 men, lost their lives.

Berlin, June 7, (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—The following statement was given out here officially today:

"A German submarine on June 4 sank the Russian cruiser Amur, of the second class, near a Baltic port."

Gas Tank Is Hit.

"On the night of June 4-5 German naval dirigible attacked the fortified mouth of the Humber (on the east coast of England) the naval port of Harwich, England, and the harbor establishment at Harwich. They were conspicuously successful. Many bombs were dropped and there was a large number of explosions. One particularly violent explosion was that of a gas tank or oil tank which was hit. Bombs were dropped on the railroad depot."

German airships were shot at vigorously by guns on land and on ships. They were not hit, and returned safely.

A semi-official statement from Petrograd last night said that the Russian warship Yenisei had been sunk in the Gulf of Riga by a German submarine. The Amur, a mine layer of 2,525 tons displacement, was a sister ship of the Yenisei and it is probable that the names of these vessels have been confused, apparently only one of them having been sunk.

The raid of German dirigibles over the east coast of England on the night of June 4-5 was announced on Saturday in a brief statement made officially at London, but no details of the places visited or damage done were given.

Dissolution Plan Ratified.

New York, June 7.—By more than a two-thirds vote stockholders of the Amalgamated Copper company today ratified the plan of the directors to dissolve. Amalgamated ceased some time ago to be more than a holding company, having turned its active operations over to the Anaconda Copper Mining company, which it controls through stock ownership.

Simpson College Head Quits.

Indianola, Iowa, June 7.—Dr. Francis L. Strickland, president of Simpson college, today announced his resignation as head of the institution. In order to accept a position as head of the philosophy department of the University of West Virginia. His successor has not yet been selected by the trustees of the college.

LUSITANIA NOTE
READY TO START;
MORE CONFIDENT

Washington, D. C., June 7.—The American note to Germany concerning the sinking of the Lusitania virtually was ready today for transmission to Berlin. President Wilson worked until a late hour last night to complete its phrasing.

The note is said to be a vigorous reiteration of previous demands that Germany exercise the right of visit and search before attacking unarmed merchant ships. While the note practically has been completed, it was believed to be not unlikely that the president would discuss it today with the legal officers of the government before it was put in cipher.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, continues optimistic over the situation.

Counselor Lansing of the state department made the positive statement today that the note to Germany will not go forward tonight. It is understood it will go before the cabinet again tomorrow.

Ambassador Gerard reported today that the German admiralty as yet had no report on the torpedoing of the American steamer Nebraska, but was conducting an investigation.

Ambassador Gerard's message was an answer to the state department inquiry whether any report had been received from German sources. Meanwhile the department awaits also a full report of the inquiry by American naval attaches, sent to Liverpool from London.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—The arrival here of Van Ghelst Geldemeester, a citizen of Holland, but who has a wide acquaintance in German official quarters in Berlin, gave rise today to reports that renewed efforts for the making of peace in Europe were in progress. Mr. Geldemeester is understood in German quarters here to be desirous of forwarding the movement for peace through the United States government, but not a hint has come from the allies.

Basel, Switzerland, June 7, (via Paris).—Americans are arriving here from Germany in small numbers. They describe conditions in Germany as disagreeable for them because of the apprehension that there may come war between the United States and Germany. They say there is an ill-feeling on the part of the people against the United States.

There would appear to be comparatively few Americans in Germany at present except those of German descent.

THE WAR TODAY

The third Zeppelin raid over England since the early part of last week occurred last night. It resulted in the killing of five persons and wounding of 45 by bombs dropped by the Germans. It is said the attack was made on the east coast. The British admiralty announced that a British aviator destroyed a Zeppelin over Belgium.

A wireless dispatch from Berlin which escaped the British censorship, gave in an official announcement the location of the places attacked in the Zeppelin raid of last Friday night. It is stated the fortified mouth of the Humber and the naval port of Harwich, both on the east coast of England, were visited, and that many bombs were dropped, causing considerable damage.

A general Italian advance across the Isonzo river, for 40 miles north of the Gulf of Trieste, has begun. A dispatch from Udine, Italy, reports heavy fighting at Gradisca. The Italian advance, the most formidable movement of the campaign, is meeting with the first determined resistance offered by the Austrians, and an important battle apparently is developing.

Contrary to French and British claims of victory on the Gallipoli peninsula, the Turkish war office announces the allies were defeated in the recent heavy fighting, sustaining large losses. A counter attack by the Turkish right wing against positions captured by the allies, is said to have been successful.

Although no official accounts have been received of the recent fighting in the Baltic sea between Russian and German warships, a Petrograd dispatch indicates that it resulted from a German attempt to land troops along the Gulf of Riga. It is reported several German transports and one large vessel were sunk and that the Russians lost an auxiliary.

Apparently the Russian and German battle squadrons were not engaged.

The French mine layer Casablanca was sunk by a mine in the Aegean sea, with probable loss of sixty men. German submarines sank the British steamers Star of the West and Sunlight, with no loss of life.

Deputies Sentenced.

New Brunswick, N. J., June 7.—Nine deputies, convicted of manslaughter in connection with the killing of two strikers and wounding of many others last January at Roosevelt, N. J., were sentenced today to serve not less than two years nor more than 10 in state's prison.

VILLA DEFEAT BY OBREGON
MAY HASTEN PEACE MOVES
BY PRESIDENT IN MEXICO

Mexico City, Saturday, May 22, (Correspondence of the A. P.).—For the last three days the sessions of the so-called national convention in the chamber of deputies building have been scenes of disorder. Not only the galleries, but at times the floor and speaker's tribune have been beset by hordes of hungry men, women and children.

The shouts of "we want corn," overcame all others, and even the show of bayonets and the firing of the soldiers over the heads of the mob have not checked their vain and piteous search for food. The Red Cross has been kept busy carrying off women and children and in some cases old men, crushed or overcome in these manifestations.

Ten thousand gathered outside of the chamber today and nearly 300 were carried off on stretchers. Acting President General Garcia appeared before the convention delegates and a portion of the mob to tell them that the treasury was empty, the fields laid waste by the contending revolutionaries and that the only hope for the coming winter was that all Mexicans lay down their arms and begin the tilling of the fields.

Repeatedly the crowd answered him, saying "give us corn. Our women and children are dying of hunger. Give us corn."

A comparatively small supply was obtained from the foreign relief committee and this assuaged the wants of the day.

Crops are short, and in all but five of the twenty-seven states of Mexico there is absolute want, with the new harvest many months away and mythical because to a large extent unplanted.

Believe Carranza Will Drive for Capital Expecting Recognition.

Washington Hears Factions Already Are Getting Heads Together.

Washington, D. C., June 7.—Advices bearing out reports of a victory for Obregon, General Carranza's commander, over Villa and Angeles at Leon, are awaited by administration officials, who are interested in the possible effect of such a turn on the Mexican situation. It was believed here that if Carranza has been victorious his next step would be an attempt to reenter Mexico City and establish a government with a view to obtaining recognition by the United States.

Carranza representatives here regarded the unofficial reports of the capture by Obregon of Leon and the routing of the Villa forces as evidence that the Villa movement would soon completely collapse. Villa representatives, on the other hand, said their latest advices showed that Villa and Angeles had driven Obregon far south of Leon and that the main body of the Carranza army was in a critical position near Trinidad.

The Carranza representative here has received a message from a Carranza constable on the border saying he had been approached by a Villa official, speaking presumably with authority, to learn what could be done to start peace parleys. The message has been forwarded without comment to General Carranza at Vera Cruz. At Villa headquarters, however, it was said no official advices had been received that peace negotiations had begun.

Villa Headquarters at Salao, June 5, (via Juarez, June 7).—A statement issued by Dr. S. B. Rauchscham, a member of General Villa's staff, says:

"Yesterday we stormed and captured Obregon's entire advance trenches. At the same time we captured a great many prisoners. Obregon's army is surrounded by a ring of iron. He must shortly surrender or his forces starve."

An emergency supply of American food has been ordered from Galveston to Vera Cruz for Mexico City refugees. It consists of 50,000 pounds of corn and 20,000 pounds of beans and will be sent on an army transport which goes for refugees.

Neutral Faction Controls.

On Board U. S. S. Colorado, San Diego, Cal., June 7.—Radio messages to Admiral Howard today report the entire southern district of Lower California under the control of a neutral Mexican faction, except the city of Port San Jose Del Cabo, at the south tip of the peninsula. This is held by a son of former Governor Ortega, a Villa official who lately escaped to Guaymas.

Lopez, the most important seaport of the peninsula of Lower California, is the headquarters of the new neutral government, which has sent emissaries to the leaders of the contending Mexican forces asking that its neutrality in the factional strife be respected.

ROOSEVELT VISITS SOUTH'S PRESERVES

Pass Christian, Miss., June 7.—Colonel Roosevelt arrived here today for a brief visit to John M. Parker, tomorrow the colonel and a party of men will board the Louisiana conservation commission's yacht for a trip among the federal and state game preserves of about 30,000 acres. It is said it was at the colonel's suggestion that the first federal preserve was established in Louisiana, but he has never seen it.

LUNARDI, LEPER, GONE FROM HIGHLAND PARK

Chicago, Ill., June 7.—Angelo Lunardi, a leper, who has been isolated in Highland Park, a suburb, for several months, has been spirited away by Italian friends. It was learned today that Lunardi has been missing since a week ago today. It was said that friends had assisted him in escaping and had provided him with transportation to Italy.

Trade Delegates in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., June 7.—The Pan-American financial delegation, which is visiting important manufacturing and commercial cities to stimulate trade relations between the United States and the southern countries, began a 48-hour stay in Chicago today.

BAD PLANNING IN
PENSION AFFAIRS

Carnegie Foundation Investigation Discovers of Simple Mathematical Principles.

New York, June 7.—Evidence of bad planning and of administrative methods which court disaster was found by the Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching in both public and private pension systems examined by that organization, according to the annual report of its president, Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, published today.

"Systems are started with a small fund in the hope that somehow or other it may be increased," said the report. "It is probable, unless a halt is called, that considerable damage will be done within the next few years if the pension idea assumes the dimensions of a fashion. The rapid development of recent years has been accompanied by an utter disregard of the simple mathematical principles involved. The last few years have seen the collapse, or imminent collapse of pension systems of comparatively recent date."

MEMORIAL FOR MISS BARTON IS PLANNED

Washington D. C., June 7.—Steps toward a memorial to the late Clara Barton, founder of the American National Red Cross, to be erected in Washington, were taken today by the Legion of Loyal Women, which asked Grand Army of the Republic posts, patriotic organizations and others throughout the country to cooperate.

It is planned by the legion to have some substantial remembrance of the eminent Red Cross worker in the nation's capital.

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline and Vicinity.

Fair tonight and Tuesday, rising temperature. Tuesday, Temperature at 7 a. m. 51. Highest yesterday 58, lowest last night 51. Velocity of wind at 7 a. m. 10 miles per hour.

Precipitation 1.24 inches. Relative humidity at 7 p. m. 63, at 7 a. m. 100, at 1 p. m. today 94. Stage of water 9.5, a rise of 1.1 in last 48 hours.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Evening stars: Mercury, Saturn, Mars. Morning stars: Jupiter, Venus. East of zenith, high up, eight third magnitude stars may be seen about 9 p. m. Meteor.